

THE Weather.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Fair, with light clouds; Wednesday, partly cloudy; Thursday, fresh north winds.
Yesterday's weather was ideal, there being nothing of the severity of winter about the temperature. There will be little change to-day, but for to-morrow an upward sky is promised.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.
At 9 a. m. 43
At 12 m. 43
At 3 p. m. 43
At 6 p. m. 43
At 9 p. m. 43
At midnight 43
Average 43.3

MINIATURE ALMANAC.
November 25, 1908.
Sun rises 7:01
Moon sets 10:14
Morn. 9:04
Evening 5:13

EVIDENCE CAUSES A SENSATION
Mr. Nixon Makes Admissions to Questioner.
WHAT BECAME OF BIG STOCK ISSUE
Unable to Say Where One Million Dollars' Worth Went or Whether Schwab Got It.

Richmond.
Ten indictments returned by the Henrico grand jury against late candidates and others, Senator Julian Bryant one of those indicted, declares the Barksdale law has no existence as yet. Move to amend the law by inserting the word "corruptly" in the clause regarding the expenditure of money. The inspection of food to begin at once. Pat Gilman, severely punished for the sale of liquor on the Sabbath, will carry his case to the State Supreme Court, if necessary. A lady paralyzed while at church. Oyster question argued before committee. Bill which will render candidates liable to be indicted for perjury. Forty bills passed by the House of Delegates. U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals declines to grant writ of habeas corpus to Negro. Burglar attempt to choke an infant. Orphan children to be sent to schools. Virginia girl marries in Georgia. Thirty bottles of whiskey stolen by some one unknown. Richmond man found dying in Asheville, N. C. Some damage done by a recent fire in Henrico. State School Board considers Dinwiddie case. Municipal investigation is postponed. University of Virginia declines to accept a struggle for supremacy to-morrow. Common Council concurs in passage of C. & O. ordinance. A suit that involves several thousand dollars. A review of a fight—surprising "Dreestick Skirmish" at the Colonial Fair. Married in Washington. Two small fires. The falling of a tree from a friend's estate. News in a letterhead. Veterans postpone Thanksgiving Day supper. Dinner to-morrow by the Standard Bearers of the city. A Baptist church to benefit entertainment. Meeting to further the interests of the Anti-Slavery League. Alleged gambling case continued.

Virginia.
Head-on collision between freight train and Southern passenger train causes the injury of several trainmen, and the destruction of two locomotives and several cars. In Alger murder trial at Luray, witnesses all testified that Alger was heavily drunk when he killed his victim. In a case of a woman charged with the murder of her husband, the jury will go into target practice at once. Charge of forgery against J. P. H. Crismon, who has returned home, is reviewed. Case—United States Inspector declares Newport News is full of unregistered "chickens." Captain of the "Hawkeye" sentenced for four years for forging his wife's name to a bill. The big monster Amphitrite ordered to Guantánamo. A wealthy farmer of No. folk county falls and falls in the fire. The Warrenton Hunt Club takes a stiff run across country this morning. Chesterfield County Court session will be lost on account of sickness of Judge Hancock. Army report shows that the V. M. I. furnish recruits to the army from any school, civil or military, except West Point. An inlet cut in the ocean shore above Clinchcoque by recent storm. Eastern Shore produce exchange pays big dividend and carries suit to reserve fund. Despe, a Virginia, was shot by the sheriff.

North Carolina.
The Supreme Court sustains verdict of Moore County Court, awarding damages against Seaboard Air Line in egg throwing case. Garfield Clark sentenced six years for murder. Army officers are favorably on the State troops, but oppose sites of camps as a permanent. Chair works chartered at Asheville. Prominent Southern farmer, who was a member of the Winston-Salem. White brothers ask for change of venue at Salisbury and are refused. President Spencer, of the Southern, hunting in the pincer.

General.
Prices turn on downward course after short period of resistance. Bonds and stocks, heavy in the market. Rate to nine per cent. Close of market dull and irregular. Senator Morgan scores President Roosevelt for his course in the Panama canal matter, and when he is unable to continue his speech standing, asks and is granted permission to sit down and continue. A sensational speech by principal speaker of demonstration of the Free Food League, at which the name of Chamberlain is coupled with cheers and applause. A letter is written to Hugh Gordon Miller in which he says the Jamestown exposition would be a thorough success despite the surplus of the colony with expenditures. Exciting finish between Meistersinger and Highlander at Jennings track, in which the former finished first. Mr. Nixon, president of the United States Shipbuilding Company, makes admissions on stand in investigation of the affairs of that company, which created sensation of sensation. Provisions of new currency bill introduced by Mr. Hill. Changes in committee of the House which affect some of the members of the Virginia delegation. Thirteen miners are killed by explosion of gas in a mine in A. Kansas. Strike sympathizers in Chicago cut wires, plug cable slots and make themselves very troublesome without attempting violence against the crew; order has been issued to police to shoot to kill, and not to fire over heads of mob as heretofore. Judge Speer fines prisoners who pleaded guilty to the charge of peonage. North Carolina, who was victim of a robbery in New York, takes first train for home, after he has testified against them. House adjourns until Friday on a day of party vote. Bill to carry out provision in will of Washington for the establishment of a national university is expected to be pushed to a conclusion during present Congress.

Will Resign Position.
(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—It can be announced that Eugene F. White, the Commissioner of the Virginia State Police, will resign his position at the end of the month of November of next year, and will return immediately to the practice of law in Kansas.

Negotiations Suspended.
(By Associated Press.)
SAN DOMINGO, REPUBLIC OF SAN DOMINGO, Monday, Nov. 23.—The peace negotiations between the United States and the Republic of San Domingo, owing to the impossibility of an understanding being arrived at.

Mr. Schwab later and obtaining from him a letter confirming the proposal in the letter of May 20th to Mr. Hoadley. Mr. Schwab's letter stated that the proposal was contingent upon the success of the Sheldon reorganization plan, and Mr. Nixon said that he then let the matter drop.
Witness said, in reference to the Sheldon plan, that he felt "greatly irritated" because he, though president of the shipyards company, had not been consulted, and reiterated his statement at the previous hearing that his only knowledge of the reorganization plan had come from conversation with Mr. Hoadley.
The agreement of July 2, 1903, between Nixon, Dresser and Schwab, providing that Schwab should loan to Nixon and Dresser \$7,246,871 to purchase the Bethlehem stock from J. P. Morgan and Company, as syndicate managers, in return for which Schwab was to receive \$15,000,000 in stock and \$10,000,000 in bonds, was introduced in evidence. Mr. Nixon testified that he had always understood that Schwab, and not Morgan and Company, owned the Bethlehem stock.
"I think the testimony to-day shows clearly that there has been no settlement," said Mr. Untermyer during the recess.
At the conclusion of the session Mr. Nixon gave out for publication a letter he had recently received from Mr. Hoadley in answer to Nixon's request for copies of the correspondence between Schwab and Hoadley.

CLEVELAND FAVORS
Says Jamestown Ter-Centenary Should be Endorsed by Every Citizen of the Country.
A LETTER TO HUGH MILLER
Surfeit of Expositions, He Says, Should Not Interfere With Success of This One.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, November 24.—Testimony of a sensational nature was introduced at the United States Shipbuilding hearing, which was resumed here to-day. During the course of his direct examination of Lewis Nixon, president of the Shipbuilding Company, Mr. Untermyer, counsel for the complainants, brought out from Nixon the statement that of the \$5,000,000 additional stock issued when the company was reorganized to take in the Bethlehem Company, \$1,000,000 went to Max Pain, Mr. Schwab's counsel, and \$1,000,000 each to Mr. Nixon, Mr. Dresser and the Trust Company of the Republic, leaving \$1,000,000, the disposition of which he did not know. He did not know whether Mr. Schwab obtained it.
It was also brought out that at the time the Sheldon reorganization plan was under consideration Mr. Schwab offered to purchase \$100,000 bonds with the proceeds of the sale of 25,000 shares common and 25,000 shares preferred stock, issued to Mr. Nixon for \$30,000, while the market value was far less than this. Mr. Untermyer making the direct charge that this was in the nature of a bribe to induce Mr. Nixon to agree to the Sheldon plan of reorganization, instead of the plan of the pan-assessment of stock, which he had previously advocated.
The offer was made to Mr. Nixon by Mr. Schwab to Joseph H. Hoadley, dated May 25, 1903, copies of which were introduced in evidence. Mr. Hoadley, it was testified, had conducted the negotiations with Mr. Schwab, when Mr. Nixon was endeavoring to persuade Schwab to accede to the assessment plan, and had, after the proposal, urged Nixon to accede to the Sheldon plan. Nixon said that at Hoadley's request he had done so.

THE LETTERS.
The letters are as follows:
"Providing the United States Shipbuilding reorganization is perfected, I hereby guarantee to take and pay for \$100,000 of first mortgage bonds of the United States Shipbuilding Company, 25,000 shares of preferred and 25,000 shares of common stock, for the sum of \$90,000, plus interest on said bonds, on or before December 1, 1903. Said bonds and stock to be deposited with Messrs. McIntyre and Marshall, No. 74 Broadway, New York, and to be exchanged for securities of the reorganized company, as designated by agreement issued by the reorganization committee."
(Signed) "C. M. SCHWAB."
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(Signed) "CHARLES M. SCHWAB."

"After the date of these letters did or did not Mr. Hoadley set you to accept this plan?" asked Mr. Untermyer.
Mr. Nixon explained in answer that Mr. Hoadley advised him to consent to the Sheldon reorganization because Mr. Schwab had refused to accept the assessment plan, and that he (Mr. Nixon) had thereupon written a letter recommending the Sheldon plan.
"As to my deriving any profit from the transaction, that is nonsense," said Mr. Nixon. The transaction concerned others, and he preferred that they should tell it.

GREATLY IRRITATED.
Mr. Nixon then testified to writing to Mr. Graham, secretary of the Bank of England, with a revolver was made to-day on Kenneth Graham, secretary of the Bank of England by an insane man. He fired four shots in rapid succession, but Mr. Graham was not hurt. Considerable difficulty was experienced in securing the would-be assassin. A fire hose had to be requisitioned before he could be disarmed and taken to the police station.
The inmate asked to see the manager of the Bank of England and was shown into a reception room, where Mr. Graham and others were gathered. The stranger took up a position in front of the fire, pulled out a revolver and commenced shooting. In the meantime shouting, "Come on, you coward!"
Mr. Graham is the author of "The Golden Age," "Dream Days," "The Housewife" and other works.

MADMAN ATTACKS OFFICERS OF BANK
Fire Hose Had to be Requisitioned Before He Could be Captured.
(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, Nov. 24.—A murderous attack with a revolver was made to-day on Kenneth Graham, secretary of the Bank of England by an insane man. He fired four shots in rapid succession, but Mr. Graham was not hurt. Considerable difficulty was experienced in securing the would-be assassin. A fire hose had to be requisitioned before he could be disarmed and taken to the police station.
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MR. MORGAN SCORES THE PRESIDENT
Prefers Unique Administration to Good Faith.
ALL HIS ROADS LEAD TO PANAMA
The Aged Senator Sat Down to Conclude His Speech.

DYNAMITE THAT RENT A REPUBLIC
Report of Commission for Panama Route, Senator Morgan Says, Resulted in Rendering in Twain Republic of Colombia.
Roosevelt's Ambition to Have Glory of Canal.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.—The Panama Canal question was again the leading topic under consideration by the Senate to-day, and Mr. Morgan was again the speaker of the day. He continued his review of the history of the efforts to secure an isthmian canal and declared that to the President's ambition to secure the credit of a unique administration must be credited the favoritism manifested by him toward the Panama route. He asserted that President McKinley had favored the Nicaragua line. This statement was challenged by Mr. Hanna.
The question of committee assignments was again postponed, as was also the motion to reconsider the vote on the Newlands joint resolution concerning the annexation of Cuba. As to Panama, Senator Morgan said an elaborate treaty had been prepared, a commission set here at it, then sent back again to create a government with power to ratify a treaty. He charged that the treaty with Colombia had been framed largely by a corporation lawyer. Speaking of the report of the Isthmian Canal Commission favorable to the Panama route, Mr. Morgan characterized that report as "the dynamite that has rent the republic of Colombia." He said further that the report was a desperate adventure. He declared that if McKinley had lived the protocols with Nicaragua and Costa Rica would have been observed.
"But he is dead," the Senator went on, "and now Richmond comes on the field, and he seems not to feel the obligation of good faith when a more enticing field for unique administration breaks upon the vision of his ambitious spirit."

HIS AMBITION.
He declared that it was President Roosevelt's ambition to have all the glory of constructing the canal for his own administration. "Has the President," he asked, "any excuse for his failure to carry into effect the agreement with Nicaragua and Costa Rica unless it be resentment toward the people who made an agency for the stimulation of our national pride and the increase of our faith in free institutions."
"Yours truly,
(Signed) "GROVER CLEVELAND."

PLEAD GUILTY TO CHARGE OF PEONAGE
(By Associated Press.)
SAVANNAH, GA., Nov. 24.—In the United States Court to-day Edward J. Frank and Will McRee, of Valdosta, entered a plea of guilty to thirteen indictments charging them with peonage. Judge Emory Speer sentenced them to pay a fine of \$1,000 in two of the cases and suspended sentence on the others. The fines will be paid.
W. E. Crawley and T. J. McClelland, who were also indicted, gave bond for their appearance to answer the charges.

STORK VISITS HOME OF W. K. VANDERBILT, JR.
(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—A daughter was born to-day to Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr. Mrs. Vanderbilt was Miss Virginia Fair.

BAD FOREST FIRES RAGE IN TWO STATES
No Human Lives Have Been Lost, But Live Stock Has Suffered Severely.
(By Associated Press.)
MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 23.—The entire cotton belt region of West Mississippi and Arkansas is enveloped in dense smoke to-day as a result of serious forest fires, which have been raging for three days. Large areas of timber are burning and the fires have spread rapidly.
Advices from Little Rock, Ark., state that fires are burning in all directions, and a pall of irritating smoke hangs over that city. Between Memphis and Little Rock, on the Choctaw Railroad, the woods are on fire on both sides of the line, while the timbered section north of Little Rock on the Iron Mountain Road, is burning. The fires extend as far north as Walnut Ridge and the timber lands southwest of Swifton are in flames.
At Greensboro, Miss., and other points in the Yazoo Delta great clouds of smoke seriously interfere with river traffic. Inhabitants of the cotton belt are anxiously awaiting the first signs of rain. No lives have been lost so far as known, but it is reported that live stock has suffered severely.

TOOK FIRST TRAIN FOR SANDY MUSH
Willie Robinson, of Buncombe County, N. C., Glad to Start Home.
(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—"Sally" Robinson, of Sandy Mush, Buncombe county, N. C., who came here in answer to a "green goods" advertisement on October 20th last, was swindled out of \$15, appeared before Judge Newburger in general sessions to-day against Frederick Williams and Edward Wilson. The two prisoners pleaded guilty, and each was sentenced to three years in Sing Sing. "Willie" was then told he could go home. He was given a date of detention, as a witness in the hearing that the place was a new one. He was paid 50 cents a day and to-day he received \$150. He had also \$15 of his own, and said he would take the first train for Sandy Mush.
Overdose of Morphine.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
DANVILLE, Nov. 24.—W. G. GRIFFIN, of Winston, N. C., died in Danville late this evening from an overdose of morphine, which he thought was taken by accident. He was addicted to the use of the drug.

TEN INDICTMENTS BY HENRICO GRAND JURY
THOSE UNDER INDICTMENT.

After a long and toilsome session, the investigating Grand Jury of Henrico county completed its work about 7:30 o'clock last night and brought in ten indictments as follows:
State Senator Julian Bryant, candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney. William H. Brauer, Treasurer of Henrico county—two indictments. Walter J. Todd, successful candidate for Treasurer—two indictments. Charles W. Childrey, Commissioner of the Revenue for the Upper District. Joseph Stumpf, president of the Merchant's Cold Storage Co., of Richmond. Walter E. Brauer, a son of the Treasurer. Pat McDonough, a saloon-keeper, of Richmond. William P. Terry, a saloon-keeper, of Henrico county.
In two brief supplementary reports the Grand Jury brought additional charges. One alleges a violation of the law by Todd, within the city limits; this paper will be turned over to the city authorities. The other charges Childrey with tampering with one of the witnesses, who appeared before the Grand Jury.

THIRTEEN ARE DEAD
Fatal Explosion of Gas in Coal Mine, Twelve Miles From Fort Smith, Ark.

SIX VICTIMS ARE RECOVERED
Force of Explosion Terrific, Tearing Timbers From Walls for Hundreds of Yards.

(By Associated Press.)
FORT SMITH, ARK., Nov. 24.—Thirteen miners were killed and great damage was done by an explosion of gas this afternoon in coal mine 20 at Bonanza, Ark., twelve miles from this city. At nightfall only six of the victims had been recovered.
When the explosion occurred there were about 150 men in the various shafts. All escaped without injury except the thirteen men who were employed in entry "K," the scene of the explosion. The force of the explosion was terrific and timbers were torn from the walls of the passages for several hundred yards at the mouth of entry "K." The passages were so completely obstructed that the work of rescuing the entombed men was tedious in the extreme, and several hours were consumed before the first body was found.
It is thought that the gas was accidentally ignited by a miner's lamp. The miners who escaped, with the aid of others, summoned from nearby shafts, set about clearing the passages in the hope that some of the thirteen entombed men might have survived the explosion.
By nightfall six bodies had been recovered and the rescue work was still in progress. It is now considered certain that all of the entombed men have perished.

PEDESTAL AND BUST OF DR. J. L. M. CURRY
Dr. Boatwright received from Mrs. John K. Connelley, executrix for Mrs. J. L. M. Curry, last week a bust of Dr. Curry and a complete suit of Spanish armor, both gifts of Mrs. Curry. The bust is a handsome piece of work by the Italian sculptor, Portie, and represents Dr. Curry in full strength and vigor.
The pedestal is of marble and of black marble. The bust and pedestal together weigh about twelve hundred pounds. Both have been placed in the Thomas art hall.

VIRGINIA HORSE BRINGS GOOD PRICE
(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—At the Old Glory horse sale the first important sale to-day was that of Salle Lunn, conigned by Mrs. Rosalyn Landon, Cobb's Creek, Va., and sold at \$1,500 to A. M. Carr, of Butte, Mont.

HAVE ADJUSTED THEIR DIFFERENCES
Platt and Odell Agree to Bury Hatchet and Support Mr. Roosevelt.
(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—A conference was held at the White House to-night between President Roosevelt, Senator Platt, Governor Odell and Chairman Dunn, of the New York State Republican Committee on the Republican political outlook in the Empire State. At its conclusion Governor Odell said that a satisfactory and harmonious agreement had been reached adjusting party differences in the State. It is understood that Senator Platt will continue as State leader, but that Governor Odell will have charge of all details of management of the coming State campaign.
It was announced that Senator Platt and Governor Odell had reached a complete agreement politically and that they would work in perfect harmony with each other and with President Roosevelt.
Both Senator Platt and Governor Odell have announced their desire that President Roosevelt next year should be nominated and elected.

SHOOT TO HIT IS ORDER ISSUED
Crowds in Chicago Cut Wires, Plug Cable Slots and Fill Manholes With Debris.
(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, ILL., Nov. 24.—Cut wires, plugged cable slots and manholes filled with debris, caused the City Railway Company all manner of trouble to-day in operating its State-Street car line. There was comparatively no violence offered to the men handling the cars, which were as usual guarded by the police, but as soon as the cars had passed the crowd would swarm upon the tracks, drive spikes in the cable slot and filled the manholes with stones. The cars, when running between Thirty-ninth and Sixty-first Streets, were compelled to take from fifteen to twenty minutes to run a square. In the last trip a crowd of 1,000 men, followed the cars when they started back from the downtown district. Jeers and hoots filled the air, but no missiles were thrown and no arrests were made.
The police on the cars to-day were ordered by Inspector Hunt that if compelled to use their revolvers, they were to fire into the mob with the intention of hitting somebody. There is to be no more shooting over people's heads, the inspector declared.

Senator Bryant's Position.
The case of Senator Bryant is a very peculiar and striking one. This is entirely apart from the charge itself. A more important and far-reaching question, involving the constitutionality of the law itself, is presented by the case. The Henrico Senator has never recognized the existence of the Barksdale law, and, consequently, he pays no attention to an indictment growing out of it, though his position upon this point has been kept in the public eye by no means current with it an admission of the use of any money in the primary. Along with several of his colleagues in the Legislature and several members of the Constitutional Convention itself, Senator Bryant holds the whole provision of the new organic law makes necessary the expiration of ninety days after the adjournment sine die of the Legislature before any enactment shall be in effect. For this reason he does not recognize the Barksdale law, and for this reason he has not to this day filed the statement of campaign expenses required under this same law.
The Jury Assembles.
By 11 o'clock in the morning the jury men were at their posts again and were

W. H. Brauer and W. J. Todd Among Them.

MESSRS. BRYANT AND C. W. CHILDREY

W. E. Brauer, Pat McDonough, Joseph Stumpf and William P. Terry.

WILL BE TRIED IN A MAGISTRATE'S COURT

Senator Bryant Declares the Barksdale Law Not Yet in Existence, and Regards the Whole Matter With Indifference—Grand Jury Completes Its Work.

Blank wonder, not unmixed with dismay, stared from the intent faces of several in the little knot of uneasy politicians and eager curiosity-seekers gathered at the Henrico Courthouse last night when the grand jury, tired and worn, but at last primed for a deliverance, filed into the suddenly quiet room and without further ado read forth such a string of indictments as carried confusion into every camp.

Not less than ten papers were presented, and the first to be announced was one against Julian Bryant, representative of Henrico in the State Senate. Then followed rapidly the names of several others, including Brauer, the defeated treasurer; Todd, the successful candidate; Childrey, the commissioner of the revenue; Joseph Stumpf, the Richmond brewer and business man, and two or three others. Each is charged with a violation of the Barksdale pure elections law in the recent primary. The indictments are based upon allegations varying between the spending of money and the use of beer and whiskey in influencing voters.

Created a Stir.
The atmosphere was literally charged with sensation when the jury presented its findings. Evening had come on, another day and a session of more than seven hours had dragged the weary length through all the afternoon. Nightfall caught the investigators still in their room probing, and the lights had to be turned on again. The crowd had come and gone and come again and departed with his and laughing and smoking. Backed chairs and caught a wink of sleep, dreaming the while of home and dinner. A half dozen politicians patiently bore the strain, which, however bad, could not be worse than the suspense that worried them.

By the time the jury began to show signs of returning life the crowd had dwindled down to perhaps a score of people. There was a good deal of talking and a session of more than seven hours had dragged the weary length through all the afternoon. Nightfall caught the investigators still in their room probing, and the lights had to be turned on again. The crowd had come and gone and come again and departed with his and laughing and smoking. Backed chairs and caught a wink of sleep, dreaming the while of home and dinner. A half dozen politicians patiently bore the strain, which, however bad, could not be worse than the suspense that worried them.

Then, in silent amazement, the crowd heard the list read and marveled. Everybody expected something in the direction of a Todd and Brauer, but there were two indictments against each and the suggestion of a third against Todd. A few had guessed at the Childrey matter. The great surprise was the indictment of Senator Bryant, Mr. Stumpf and the others, including Pat McDonough, the treasurer's son. And the sensations did not stop here. After the indictments were read the jury filed two supplementary reports, one of which brought against Congressman Childrey, and the other already indicted, the new and startling charge of tampering with the witnesses. The second report conveyed to the court information concerning an alleged violation of the law by Todd, committed in the case of Richmond. This interest was apparently without a leak. Nobody knew what was coming, and the customary salutation when a friend shook hands with his opponent was "Are you still in the game?" Things were to the last minute in a very high degree uncertain.

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